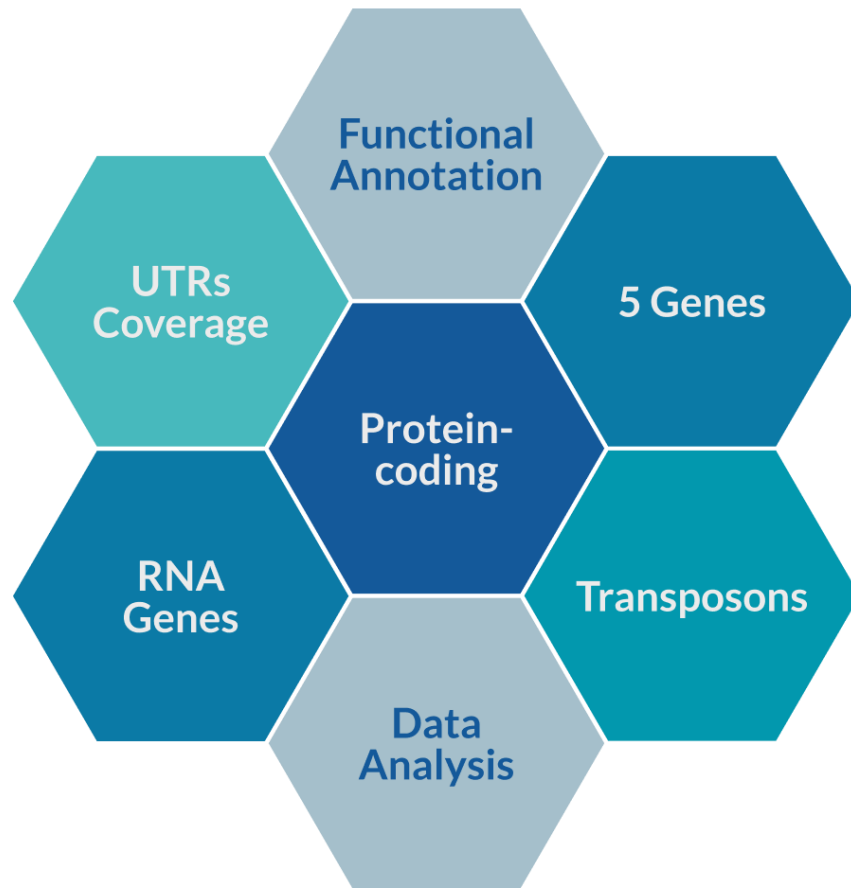
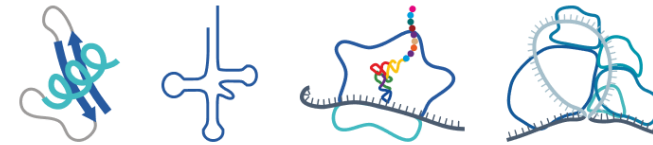


Genome annotation tailored to your needs



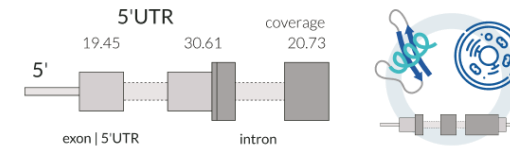
We annotate

protein-coding and non-coding genes,
RNA genes, transposons and pseudogenes



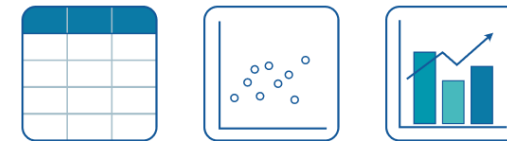
We assign

UTR regions, coverage and information about biological function

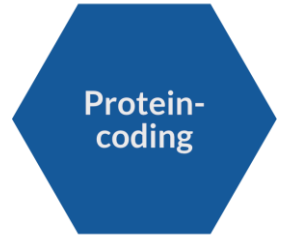
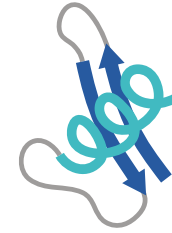


We generate

comprehensive data reports based on biological information

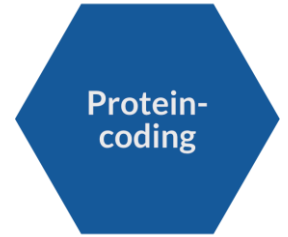
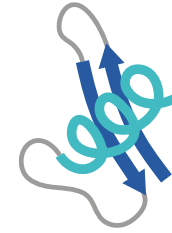


Package Protein-coding Genes



	File	Format	Content
	<code>protein-coding.gff</code>	<code>gff3</code>	annotations of protein-coding genes, including genomic locations
	<code>protein-coding.prot.fasta</code>	<code>fasta</code>	amino acid sequences of proteins encoded by the genome
	<code>protein-coding.cds.fasta</code>	<code>fasta</code>	nucleotide sequences of coding DNA sequences for protein-coding genes
	<code>pseudogene.gff</code>	<code>gff3</code>	annotations for pseudogenes; these pseudogenes have homology to protein-coding genes but contain frame-shifts and/or in-frame stop codons that could be due to mutations or sequencing inaccuracy
	<code>pseudogene.prot.fasta</code>	<code>fasta</code>	protein sequences that are predicted from pseudogenes
	<code>non-coding.gff</code>	<code>gff3</code>	annotations for long non-coding RNAs; lncRNAs are in a grey zone between protein-coding genes and erroneous transcription

Package Protein-coding Genes



GFF3: attributes of an example gene in [protein-coding.gff](#)

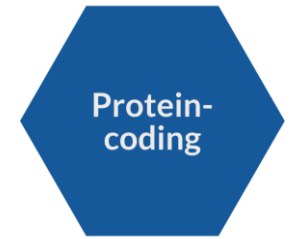
gene type: protein-coding, non-coding, pseudogene, etc.; “ cov x.y“
is repeated for visualization in genome browsers

```
ID=GNX-3933;Note=protein-coding%2C cov 0.0;coverage=0.0  
ID=mrna-3933;Parent=GNX-3933;coverage=0.0  
Parent=mrna-3933  
Parent=mrna-3933;coverage=0.0
```

coverage is filled in by the “UTRs Coverage” package

Note: Special characters in the attributes (e.g. “%2C”) mask special characters for display in genome browsers.

Package Protein-coding Genes



GFF3: attributes of an example gene in [pseudogene.gff](#)

protein-coding genes are marked as “potential pseudogenes” if in-frame stop codons and/or frameshifts interrupt the CDS

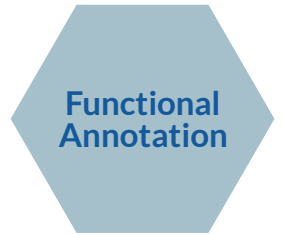
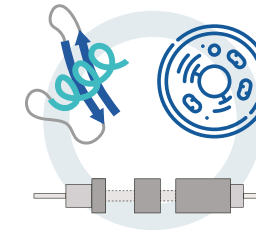
list of issues for “pseudogene” classification with location

```
ID=GNX-17528;Note=protein-coding%2C potential pseudogene%2C cov 0.0;coverage=0.0;issues=potential
pseudogene%2C in-frame stop codons at pos 67%2C frameshifts at aa 41
ID=mrna-17528;Parent=GNX-17528;coverage=0.0
Parent=mrna-17528
Parent=mrna-17528;coverage=0.0
```

coverage is filled in by the “UTRs Coverage” package

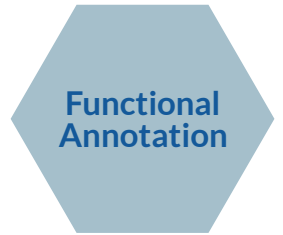
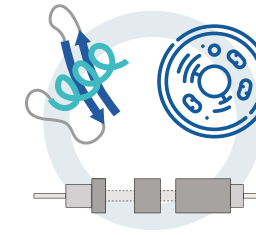
Note: Special characters in the attributes (e.g. “%2C”) mask special characters for display in genome browsers.

Package Functional Annotation



	File	Format	Content
	<code>protein-coding.w_func.gff</code>	<code>gff3</code>	annotations of protein-coding genes, including genomic locations and functional annotations
	<code>protein-coding.w_func.prot.fasta</code>	<code>fasta</code>	amino acid sequences of proteins encoded by the genome, with functional annotations
	<code>protein-coding.w_func.cds.fasta</code>	<code>fasta</code>	nucleotide sequences of coding DNA sequences for protein-coding genes, along with functional annotations
	<code>protein-coding.functions.xlsx</code>	<code>xlsx</code>	functions related to protein-coding genes, including the closest known homolog with SwissProt-accession, species name, and taxonomy, a standardized majority consensus protein name, EC numbers, GO terms, and protein domains

Package Functional Annotation



GFF3: attributes of an example gene in `.w_func` GFF files

gene type: protein-coding, non-coding, pseudogene, etc.; “cov x.y” is repeated for visualization in genome browsers

protein description of first hit in result list after BLASTing against latest SwissProt DB

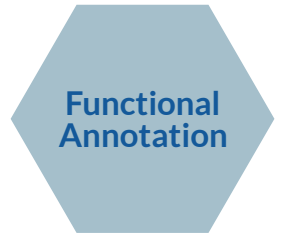
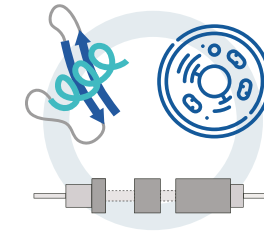
accession and species name of first hit in result list

```
ID=GNX-3933;Name=Neuronal vesicle trafficking-associated protein 2 [Q9Y328.1:Homo sapiens (Human)]; \
Note=protein-coding%2C cov 0.0;coverage=0.0
ID=mrna-3933;Parent=GNX-3933;coverage=0.0
Parent=mrna-3933
Parent=mrna-3933;coverage=0.0
```

coverage is filled in by the “UTRs Coverage” package

Note: Special characters in the attributes (e.g. “%2C”) mask special characters for display in genome browsers.

Package Functional Annotation



FASTA: header of example entry

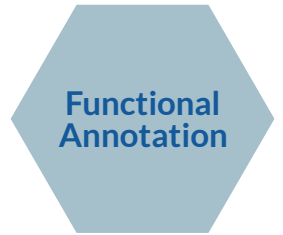
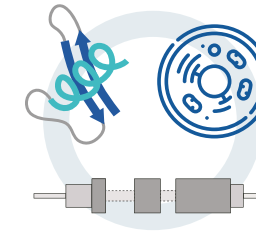
protein description of first hit in result list
after BLASTing against latest SwissProt DB

accession and species name of first hit in result list

```
>GNX-3933 [Neuronal vesicle trafficking-associated protein 2] [Q9Y328.1:Homo sapiens (Human)] [organism name]
```

name of the organism to which
the cds/protein fasta belongs

Package Functional Annotation



EXCEL: annotation in tabular format

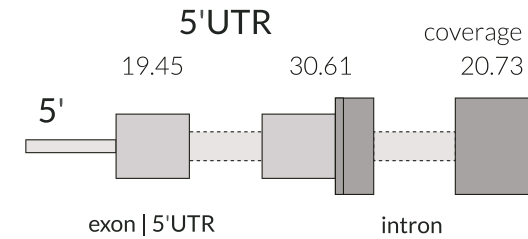
protein description of first hit in result list
after BLASTing against latest SwissProt DB

organism and taxonomy of the first hit

best_hit_acc	best_hit_desc	major_consensus	length	organism	taxonomy	ec	go	domains
GNX-2 Q9ZQH0.1	Dephospho-CoA kinase	Dephospho-CoA kinase	2257	Arabidopsis thaliana (Mouse-ear cress)	Eukaryota > Viridiplantae > Streptophyta > Embryophyta > Tracheophyta > Spermatophyta > Magnoliopsida > eudicotyledons > Gunneridae > Pentapetalae > rosids > malvids > Brassicales > Brassicaceae > Camelineae > Arabidopsis	2.7.1.24	GO:0004140, [['analysis': 'Pfam', 'signature_acc': 'PF01121', 'signature_desc': 'Dephospho-CoA kinase', 'start': 3, 'stop': 182, 'interpro_acc': 'IPR001977', 'interpro_desc': 'Dephospho-CoA kinase', 'go': 'GO:0004140']]	

Standardized protein description of the majority of the first 20 hits in the result list after BLASTing against the latest SwissProt DB. Many proteins are part of large protein families (e.g. actin, tubulin, myosin) and correct classification is only possible by a thorough phylogenetic analysis. Specific names are the result of historical annotations and are very often misleading.

Package UTRs Coverage



UTR exons and coverage are added to the protein-coding and pseudogenes gff files.

GFF3: attributes of an example gene in `.w_func` GFF files

```
ID=GNX-3933;Name=Neuronal vesicle trafficking-associated protein 2 [Q9Y328.1:Homo sapiens (Human)]; \
Note=protein-coding%2C cov 0.0;coverage=11.7
ID=mrna-3933;Parent=GNX-3933;coverage=9.8
Parent=mrna-3933
Parent=mrna-3933;coverage=12.3
```

“gene coverage” is the mean value of all exon coverages

“exon coverage” is only assigned if this exon with exactly these borders is found in RNA-Seq data

coverage of gene/mRNA/exon by RNA-Seq data

The coverage found in one of the provided or used RNA-Seq data is taken without further modification. The coverage is intended as validation help and not for e.g. differential expression studies.

Note: Special characters in the attributes (e.g. “%2C”) mask special characters for display in genome browsers.

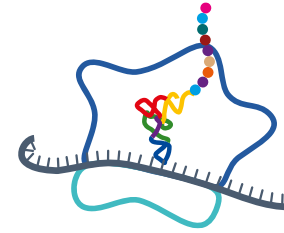
Package RNA Genes

RNA
Genes

	File	Format	Content
	<code>rna_genes.gff</code>	<code>gff3</code>	annotations for tRNA, ribosomal RNA, spliceosomal RNA, telomerase, RNase P, RNase MRP and U3 snoRNA genes
	<code>cognate_trna.gff</code>	<code>gff3</code>	annotations for cognate (=anticodon matches isotype) tRNA genes



Package RNA Genes



GFF3: attributes of example genes

anticodon from 5' to 3'
isotype according to tRNA HMM

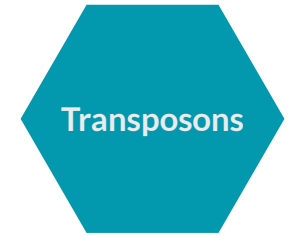
note if anticodon does not match
the isotype; resulting gene could be a
pseudogene or a misdecoder

```
ID=GNX-13;Note=isotype:Gly_tRNA %28anticodon AGG%29;anticodon does not match isotype;gene_biotype=Pseudo_tRNA
ID=GNX-14;Note=isotype:Gln_tRNA %28anticodon CTG%29;gene_biotype=tRNA
ID=rna-14;Parent=GNX-14
ID=exon-14;Parent=rna-14
```

gene predictions with low score
are listed as pseudogenes

Note: Special characters in the attributes (e.g. "%28") mask special characters for display in genome browsers.

Package Transposons



	File	Format	Content
	<code>transposon.gff</code>	<code>gff3</code>	annotations of transposon regions, including genomic locations and functional annotations (e.g. potentially non-functional)
	<code>transposon.prot.fasta</code>	<code>fasta</code>	amino acid sequences of transposons encoded by the genome
	<code>transposon.cds.fasta</code>	<code>fasta</code>	nucleotide sequences of coding DNA sequences for transposons

Package Data Analysis



	File	Format	Content
	report.pdf	pdf	Extensive analysis of the annotation. Highlights include analysis of intron patterns, annotation completeness based on gene homology, biological functions and domain architectures, codon usage, RNA-Seq mapping, analysis of the tRNA gene decoding potential (e.g. presence of tRNAs for all codons, absence of tRNAs leading to potential mistranslation) and evaluation for completeness of major RNA gene containing complexes (e.g. presence/absence of all components required for the major and minor spliceosome as well as the AU--AC subtype).

